

Lecture (5)

Codification

Codification is the arrangement of law and rules into the general system. It is not like usual legislation . Usual legislation treats a special matter, like the law of Agricultural Reform . codification is more general : civil codification , for example . legislation means setting legal rules which develop the society . codification aims at developing the legal rules . It is the business of the parliament .

Codification makes legal rules more exact. It benefits from the legal rules of other societies .

In ancient Iraq , the first codification was Orkajeena Sharee'a in 2355B.C. The second codification was Ornemwa Sharee9a in 2100 B.C. then came 9ishtaar sharee9a in1935 B.C. The fourth codification was Hammurabi Sharee'a in 1694 B.C. The Roman codification appeared in around 450 B.C. The Iraqi codification is perhaps the oldest codification in history .

Answer these questions:

1. What does the codification develop ?

Codification aims at developing the legal rules . It is the business of the parliament .

2. Which the codification is the oldest one in history ?

The first codification was Orkajeena Sharee'a in 2355B.C.

3. Which is the most famous sharee'a in ancient Iraq ?

The most famous sharee'a in ancient Iraq is Hammurabi .

Key words:

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| - Codification | تقنين |
| - Legislation | تشريع |
| - Ancient | قديم |
| - Sanction | عقوبات |
| - Pleading | مرافعات |
| - The nineteenth century | القرن التاسع عشر |